

## **Rule 4.4 - Campaign Committees**

- (A) A judicial candidate subject to public election may establish a campaign committee to manage and conduct a campaign for the candidate, subject to the provisions of this Code. The candidate is responsible for ensuring that his or her campaign committee complies with applicable provisions of this Code and other applicable law.
- (B) A judicial candidate subject to public election shall direct his or her campaign committee:
- (1) to solicit and accept only such campaign contributions as are permitted by state law.
- (2) not to solicit or accept contributions for a candidate?s current campaign more than 180 days before the applicable election, nor more than 45 days after the last election in which the candidate participated; and
- (3) to comply with all applicable statutory requirements for disclosure and divestiture of campaign contributions.
- (C) Any campaign fund surplus shall be returned to the contributors or turned over to the State Treasurer as provided by law.

## **Comment Text:**

## COMMENT

- [1] Judicial candidates are prohibited from personally soliciting campaign contributions or personally accepting campaign contributions. See Rule 4.1(A)(8). This Rule recognizes that in many jurisdictions, judicial candidates must raise campaign funds to support their candidacies, and permits candidates, other than candidates for appointive judicial office, to establish campaign committees to solicit and accept reasonable financial contributions or inkind contributions.
- [2] Campaign committees may solicit and accept campaign contributions, manage the expenditure of campaign funds, and generally conduct campaigns. Candidates are responsible for compliance with the requirements of election law and other applicable law, and for the activities of their campaign committees.
- [2A] The forty-five day post-election restriction applies both to contested and non-contested elections. Once a candidate?s campaign has ended, the candidate should only raise funds for 45 more days. For example, if three candidates participate in a judicial election, the candidate who is eliminated may raise funds for only an additional 45 days. However, the two remaining candidates may continue to raise funds through the runoff election and 45 days thereafter.
- [3] At the start of a campaign, the candidate must instruct the campaign committee to solicit or

accept only such contributions as are reasonable in amount, appropriate under the circumstances, and in conformity with applicable law.

[3A] To reduce potential disqualification and to avoid the appearance of impropriety, judicial candidates should, as much as possible, not be aware of those who have contributed to the campaign.

## **Associated Court Rules:**

Arkansas Code of Judicial Conduct

**Group Title:** CANON 4

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